

	H.	'	"
Sinus æstuum totus	0	59	0
Manilius	4	3	0
Menelaus	0	6	0
Possidonius, & Endymion	0	9	0
Plinius	0	10	30
Censorinus	0	15	30
Palus somni	0	16	30
Litus Or. Maris Crif.	0	19	0
Litus Occid. extreum	0	22	0
Langrenius	0	24	30
Finis Eclipsis circa	0	26	0
Nodus Occid.	0	0	0

Horologium correctum per Culminationes Palilicci
& aliquot Stellarum Orionis. Diameter Lunæ appa-
rens immediate ante, & post Eclipsim dimensa 32' 30"
proximè.

V. *Observationes aliæ selectiores Ingolstadii habitæ*
Anno 1726. a Patribus Soc. Jesu. Ex eadem
Epistola.

	H.	'	"
JAN. 6. Satelles 4 emersit Telescopio. J. Campani ped. 14.	6	40	30
Jan. 19. Mars per vapores tralucens sta- bat ad Lunæ limbum lucidum	6	52	0
Jam erat penitus immersus	6	54	0
Centrum Martis emergit è limbo obscuro	7	54	25
Totus Mars extra Lunam	7	54	35
			Transitus



Transitus Martis fuit in linea ex centro Grimaldi per extremitatem boream Langreni ductam. Inde, habitâ ratione librationis Lunaris, collecta centrorum distantia minima, 2' 30'', Marte australiore. Semidiameter Lunæ apparet hora 9 erat 16' 55''. Observatio facta Telescopiis 10, ac 12 pedum.

	H.	'	"
Jun. 9. Immers. Intimi; Telescop. 23 ped.	15	4	20
Jul. 17. Immersio ejusdem; dub.	13	24	45
Jul. 20. Immersio 2 ⁱⁱ in 4 Umbr. Tel. 9 ped.	15	16	40
Aug. 1. Evanuit ♂ ex oculis in limbum obscurum	5	25	17
Emersio 1 ⁱⁱ ♂ ad Zoroastrum: Centro suo limbum & lucidum tunc hæc macula occupabat—	6	1	53
Emersio totalis ♂ factâ observa- tione Telescopiis 12, 14, & 16 ped.	6	1	59
Diameter & apparet hor. 7 ⁱ , erat 32' 47"			
Aug. 2. Immers. Intimi. Teleſc. 12 ped.	11	41	20
Aug. 14. Immers. 2 ⁱⁱ eodem Teleſc.	12	25	6
Aug. 25. Immers. Intimi. Tel. 23 ped.	11	56	19
Aug. 26. Incipit emergete ex 4 Umbr. Satelles 3 ^{us} .	11	43	17
Sept. 1. Imm. Intimi. Teleſc. 23.	13	51	52
Sept. 2. Totalis Immerſ. Satell. 3 ⁱⁱ in Umbram 4.	13	17	32
Eodem die 1 ⁱⁱ . Emers. 3 ⁱⁱ è 4 Umbr. Tel. 10.	15	45	9
Sept. 9. Immerſ. 2 ⁱⁱ Teleſc. 14.	9	40	circ.
			Eodem

	H.	'	"
Eodem die Imm. Intimi. Telesc. 23.	15	50	30
Eodem die Immerf. plena Satellis. 3ii. in 4 Umbr. - - -	17	20	30 circ.
Sept. 10. Immersf. Intimi. - - -	10	19	0
Hæ duæ Eclipses observatæ <i>Biturgi</i> residentiæ <i>Collegii Ingolstadiensis</i> ; quam aliæ definivi in ortum vergere 1' 40" ab Ingolst. Meridiano. - - -			
Sept. 10. Immersio Intimi. <i>Telesc.</i> 14.	10	17	10
Sept. 26. Immersf. ejusdem, eod. <i>Telesc.</i>	39	20	

Eclipsis Solis ibidem observata die 25 Septembris.

	H.	'	"
<i>In</i> loco obscuro excepta per helioscopium Solis imago cæptæ Eclipsis initium præbet circa 46° $\frac{1}{2}$ a Nadir ad Boream. - - -	5	17	22
In speculâ astropticâ 100 circiter passibus a loco priori distante, Telescop. 12, & 16 ped. detegitur Sol jam obscuratus $\frac{1}{2}$ unius digiti - - -	5	19	24
Immergitur centrum maculæ Solis limbo propinquioris - - -	5	23	30
Centrum maculæ insignis - - -	5	24	40
Centrum maculæ 3 ^æ . - - -	5	26	36
2 Digi <i>ti</i> obscurati, a Nadir. in Bor. 39°	5	30	46
3 Digi <i>ti</i> - - - - 35 $\frac{1}{2}$	5	37	12
4 Digi <i>ti</i> - - - - 27	5	43	10
Solem 4 Digi <i>ti</i> , cum dimidio circ. deficit <small>em</small> nubes surripuere - - -	5	49	
	<i>Phases</i>		

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Phases Micrometro dimensæ.

						H.	'	"
Dig. 1	-	-	-	-	-	5	22	30
2	-	-	-	-	-	30	50	
3	-	-	-	-	-	37	54	
4	-	-	-	-	-	44	30	
4 33'	-	-	-	-	-	47	30	

Solis Semidiameter saepius micrometro dimensa exacte implebat 16' 0".

In disco Solari maculæ à quatuor notatis in immersione, diversæ plures apparuerunt; Sed ex exiliores, quam ut immersio illarum quoque per vapores Phœbum obscurantes posset.

VI. *An Account of a Machine for measuring any Depth in the Sea, with great Expedition and certainty; shewn to the Royal Society, by J. T. Desaguliers, L. L. D. and R. S. S. contriv'd by the Rev. Mr. Stephen Hales, F. R. S. and Himself.*

There have been several Machines contriv'd for measuring the different Depths of the Sea, especially such as could not be determined by the Lead and Line; but as those Machines consisted of two Bodies (the one specifically lighter, and the other specifically heavier than Water) so joined together, that as soon as the heavy one came to the Bottom, the lighter should get loose from it, and emerge; and the Depth was to be estimated by the Time of the Fall of the compound Body